

EXERCISES FOR LOW BACK PAIN PHASE 4

Optimal strength in the core abdominal muscles is essential for a pain free back and good posture. Strength of the muscles supporting the lower back is also crucial in preventing and managing back pain. That is why so many exercises not only include the abdominals, but also the legs, glutes (buttocks) and hip muscles.

YOUR REHABILITATION PROGRAMME

This exercise programme has specific exercises to strengthen muscles around your lower back and core. It is important to ensure the exercises are performed with good technique. Poor practice may place potential strain on your back. The following leaflet includes some exercises to help in your rehabilitation.

PROGRESSION SPEED

Your therapist will advise you on the speed you should progress. Progression is not just about being able to do the exercise but to do it correctly, with appropriate control. If at any time, you feel pain or discomfort stop the exercises and consult your therapist.

SIT-DOWN SQUAT

Stand up, and position yourself in front of a chair or stool. Bend your knees to go into a squat position, and touch your buttocks on the chair. Then, push up and go into the standing position. Throughout the exercise, keep your



knee in-line with your foot, do not let your knee drift outwards or inwards. Also keep your hips and pelvis level as you squat, so you go down in a straight line. Be careful not to slump forwards as you squat, maintain good posture keeping your stomach draw in using your abdominal muscles..

SETS

REPS



Video:

http://youtu.be/ViFGDZzSCHA

LATERAL WALK WITH EXERCISE BAND

Place an exercise band around your knees, and go into a squat position (as far down as feels comfortable, only slightly bend your knees). Walk one leg to the side, and then follow with the other leg. Repeat to one side for five steps, then return to the start position.

REPS



SETS



http://youtu.be/iOw7KczRvkk

FULL SQUAT WITH OVERHEAD PRESS

shoulder width, and bend your knees to the full squat (90 degrees, or less, you don't have to squat down low) position as you lift a medicine ball above your head. Make sure you keep the middle of your knee-cap in line with the middle toes of your foot. Always keep your feet flat on the ground, do not let your heels raise from the floor. This helps strengthen you legs and back for lifting objects. If you don't have a medicine ball just hold any object in your hands to start (1 or 2kg weight would be sufficient)



SETS

REPS



Video:

http://youtu.be/h6NqjgqoSqg

WALKING LUNGE

Take a step forwards, and bend the front knee past the vertical. The back knee drops towards the floor. Now follow this into another lunge position using the other leg. Always keep good alignment: your knee should stay over the 2nd ray of your foot, and never let your knee drop inwards. You do



not have to lunge low. Take big strides and keep your back straight with good posture. Always remember to draw your stomach in to activate you core muscles.

SETS

REPS



Video:

http://youtu.be/pytdbvxQ_pl

FULL SQUAT SINGLE LEG CUP REACH

Place 5 cups in front of you, and stand in the middle of them. Squat down (on one leg), and reach for one cup then come up, then repeat with the second cup, etc. Be careful to maintain control to the leg, and do not perform the exercise too quickly. Always keep your foot flat on the ground, do not let your heel raise from the floor. Maintain a straight back when bending and activate the core muscles to support your back by drawing your stomach inwards.

SETS

REPS



Video:

http://youtu.be/FslkTrYqdcs

ROTATION STANDING WITH DOWEL

Standing with good posture, and holding a dowel rod behind your back, rotate your torso to one side and then the other. To make the exercise stronger, turn your feet inwards to lock up the hips, requiring you to use more of your spine to rotate. If you don't have a dowel rod, you can use a broom stick or golf club.



SETS

REPS



http://youtu.be/ctBf1SHYlul

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